

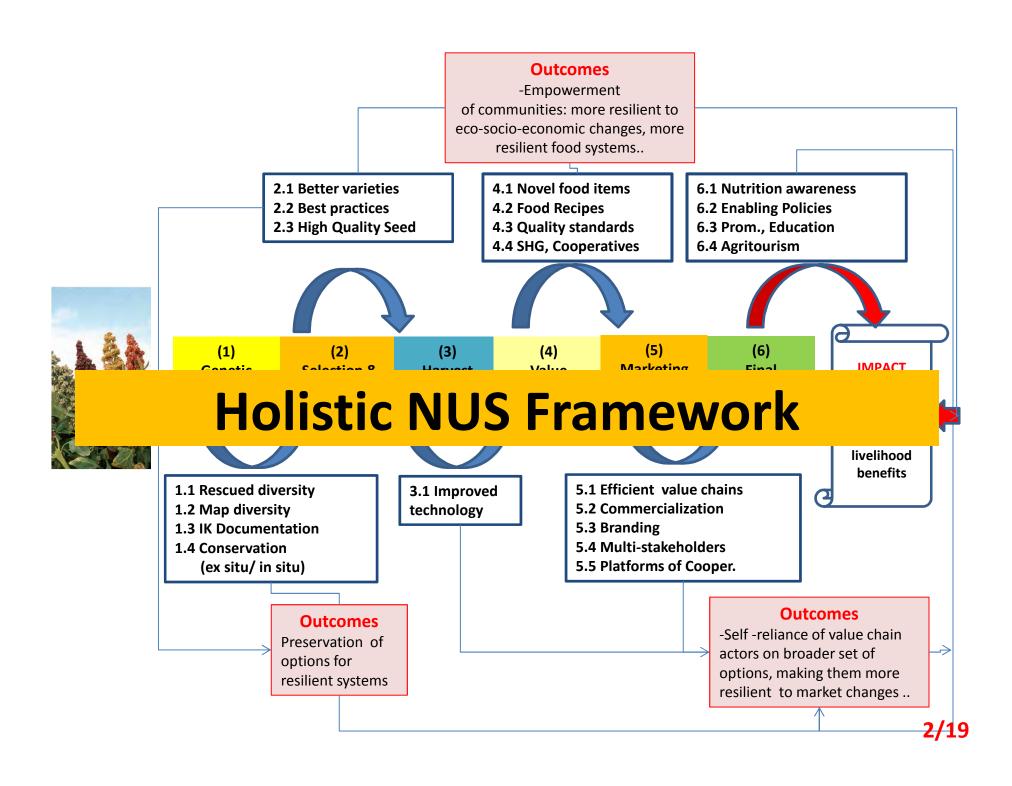


LED BY IFPRIM



Marketing Underutilized Species: The Strategy of Bioversity International

S. Padulosi, M. Jager and H. Lamers Bioversity International



Goal & Purpose

Goal

Enhance livelihood benefits by harnessing the full potential of NUS & underutilized landraces of commodity crops for the benefits of the rural poor

Purpose

Strengthening capacity of NARS/other stakeholders in making greater use of NUS/underutilized landraces of commodity crops through value chains and market interventions

Key research questions

Which **role** does ABD and in particular NUS play in marketing/value chains? How markets could leverage its multiple benefits and contribute to the **resilience** of the whole system?

How can value chains help to **generate more income especially for the poor** who still maintain wide range of diversity? and also for those who grow few crops and are interested and willing to **re-introduce** a wide range of diversity, incl. NUS?

How can commercially **valuable traits in NUS** be most effectively assessed?

Which types of **marketing tools**?

Research Objectives

- ➤ Development of models for NUS value chains across different conditions, countries and species
- ➤ Development of management practices that maximize income and minimize losses of genetic diversity
- ➤ Assessment of opportunities and development of approaches/methods for scaling up best practices

Development Objectives

- Improved governance and collaborations within target value chains
- ➤Increased no. spp./ landraces & their products sold
- ➤Increased income for smallholder farmers
- ➤ Increased performance and sustainability of value chains

Areas of Focus

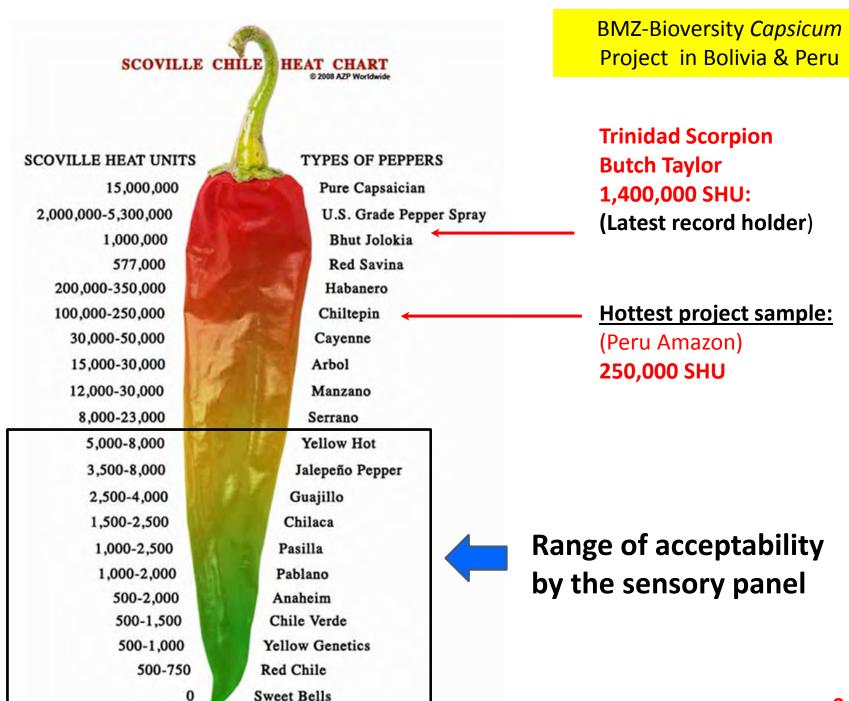
- AREA 1: Production of novel products for (distant) high value niche markets (national markets or export)
- **AREA 2:** Strengthening of demands in **local and traditional** markets
- AREA 3: Diversification of incomes of poor farmers for enhancing their resilience to market risks and climate change and contribute to better nutrition
- AREA 4: Contribution of markets and value chains in the payment for ABD conservation services (PACS)

AREA 1 Production of novel products for (distant) high value niche markets (national markets or export)



How can trends or traits and consumer preferences in high value market be evaluated for the benefit of local agro-biodiversity (found in the wild, on-farm or in ex-situ collections)?

How can horizontal and vertical coordination between value chain actors be improved?







Kolli Hills Millet Products with Logo Registered with Trade Mark of Intellectual Property of India



Value Added Products

Finger Millet Malt (Ragi Malt)

Thinai Payasa Mix

Thinai Laddu

Samai Bajji Mix

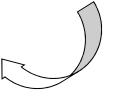
Samai Uppuma Mix

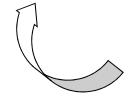
Samai Rava Dosa Mix

Little Millet rice

Italian Millet rice

Finger Millet Flour





IFAD NUS Project





Bolivia: marrying income generation and better nutrition in one goal

- Action: Joint venture with private sector (Sobre la Roca) for production of more attractive food products targeting particularly children
- Outcome: popularization of nutritious food among children and inclusion of amaranthbased food items in school meals
- Impact: Estimated income of at least 430K USD/year for amaranth value chain sector in 2010 as a result of amaranth school meal policy in Chuquisaca Department alone.





AREA 2

Strengthening of demands in local and traditional markets

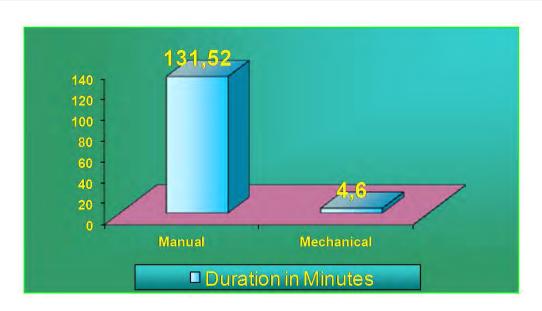


Traditional dishes made out of minor millets from Kolli Hills (India)

How to identify potential localized market opportunities that women and other vulnerable people can take advantage of?

How to generate more income, remove drudgery, valorize cultural-based consumers' preferences and contribute to fulfill also other livelihood benefits?

Drudgery-free grain processing technology







De-husking mill



Pulveriser

AREA 3

Diversification of incomes of poor farmers to enhance resilience for market risks and climate change



What is the **role of ABD** and the impact of diversified income sources on the resilience and long-term income position of smallholder families?

Chef from Alexander Coffee Restaurant Chain (Bolivia) holding courses to rural communities using NUS resilient crops

AREA 4

Contribution of markets and value chains in the payment for agrobiodiversity conservation services (PACS).



What is the willingness of **farmers** in a certain region to participate /not participate to PACS schemes?

What is the willingness of (organic or fair trade) consumers and companies to pay for ABD conservation services provided by farming communities?

Impact Pathway

OUTPUTS

A) Models, approaches, methods and tools on how to link NUS/ landraces and small farmers to markets (incl. high value) for multiple purposes and livelihood benefits.

B) Capacity building related outputs regarding enhanced use of NUS/ landraces

Scaling out

Scaling up

Multi-stakeholder PLATFORMS

Other impact: NUS/landraces maintained in production systems and improved nutritional status / availability of more diversified diets.

OUTCOME

approaches, methods and tools lisseminated to and used by takeholders [..] contributing to greater use of NUS/ landraces rom field to fork at national evel, leading to more ompetitive ABD based value hains

IMPACT

 Improved use of NUS/ landraces and incorporation



The Policy Message

Enabling policies are needed to support up scaling & mainstreaming methods, approaches and tools for wider impact beyond project sites..



www.bioversityinternational.org



